

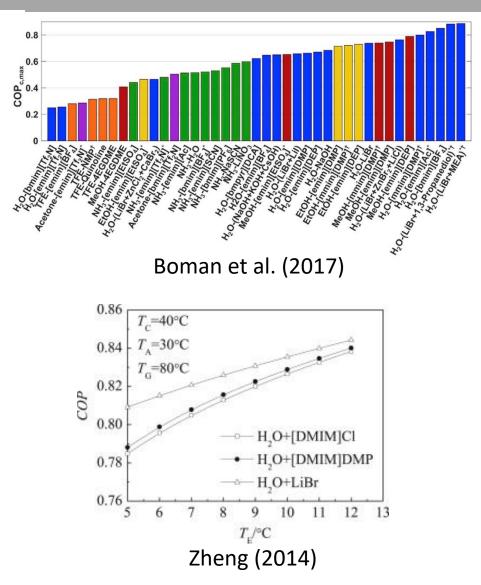
### Absorption: Research Challenges, Needs, Opportunities, Outlook

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Sustainable Thermal Systems Laboratory GWW School of Mechanical Engineering Sorption Friends III, Italy May 3, 2023

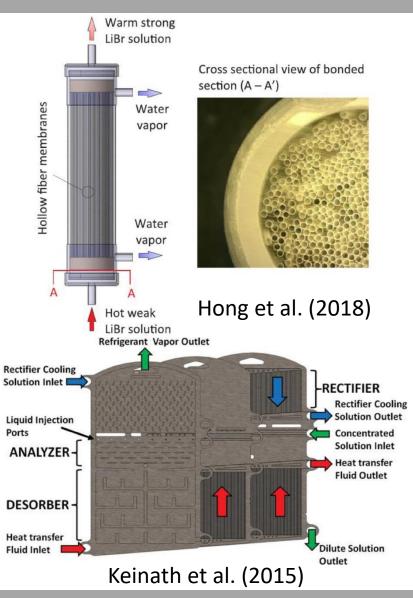
# 1. Working Pairs

- Conventional working pairs
  - Material compatibility issues
  - Often require rectification
- Working pairs often not suitable for high-temperature heat pumping/transformation
- Novel working fluids like some ionic liquids have very low vapor pressures across wide range of temperatures but
  - Exhibit volatility and stability issues
  - Have poor thermal transport properties



## 2. Compact Components

- Issues in compact component design
  - Flooding limits
  - Wettability
  - Phase mixing
- Surfactant-enhanced components
  - Improved wetting and interfacial area
  - Long-term stability still in question
- Heat/mass transfer modeling
  - Extrapolated from large capacity systems
  - Difficult to fully predict hydrodynamic instabilities, component performance, and overall system performance



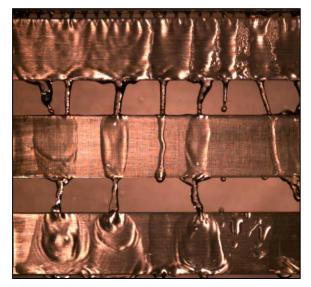
### 3a. Flow Distribution: Falling-Film Evaporation

**Droplet Mode**  Re = 55 s = 10 mm  $T_{sat} = 17^{\circ}\text{C}$  $q'' = 10 \text{ kW m}^{-2}$ 



**Droplet-Jet Mode** 

Re = 220 s = 15 mm  $T_{sat} = 10^{\circ}\text{C}$  $q'' = 20 \text{ kW m}^{-2}$ 



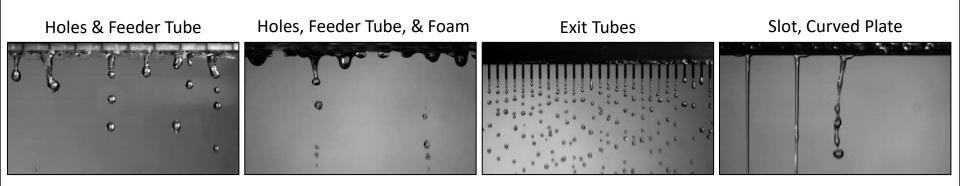
Jet-Sheet Mode Re = 385 s = 5 mm  $T_{sat} = 15^{\circ}\text{C}$  $q'' = 20 \text{ kW m}^{-2}$ 



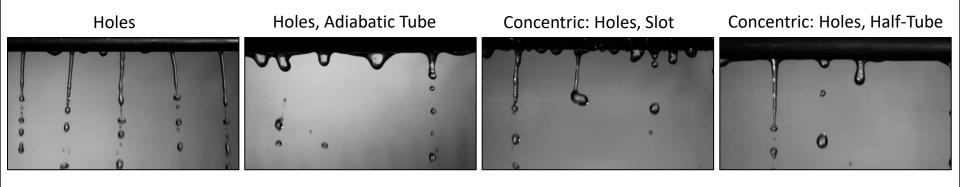
#### Captured at 500 fps, Shown at 30 fps

## **3b. Fluid Distributors**

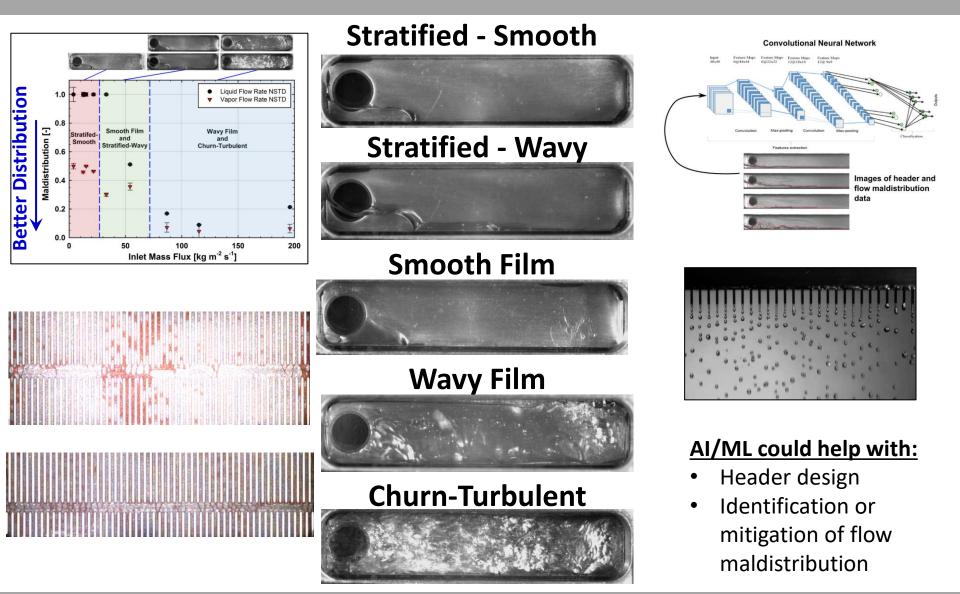
#### **Box-Based Designs**



#### **Tube-Based Designs**



## **3c. Headers and Maldistribution**

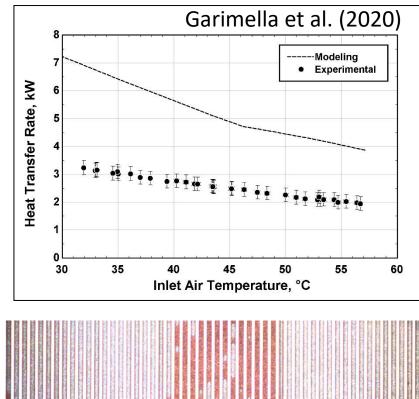


## **3d. Performance Degradation**

#### Components often underperform due to flow maldistribution -

Pettersen (2004), Bobbili *et al.* (2006), Garimella et al. (2020), Pacio and Dorao (2010), Zhang (2009), Kærn et al. (2011), etc.





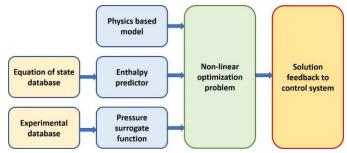
# 4. System Control and Optimization

#### **Motivation**

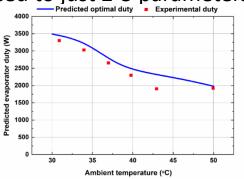
• Develop simple, scalable control systems

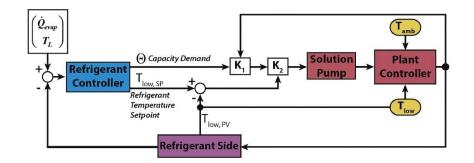
### **Opportunities**

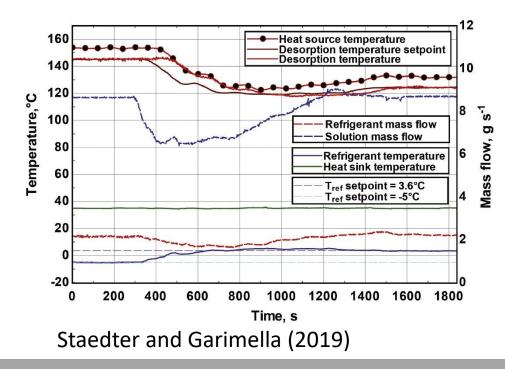
 Use dimensionality reduction algorithms on experimental data



• Number of control variables can be reduced to just 2-3 parameters



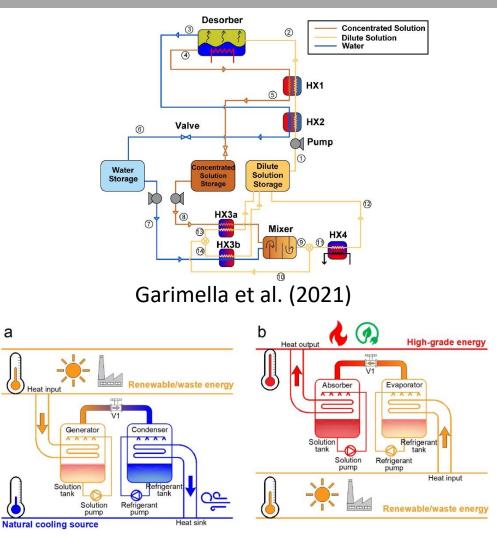




### 5. Thermal Storage and Heat Pumping

#### High temperature heat pumping

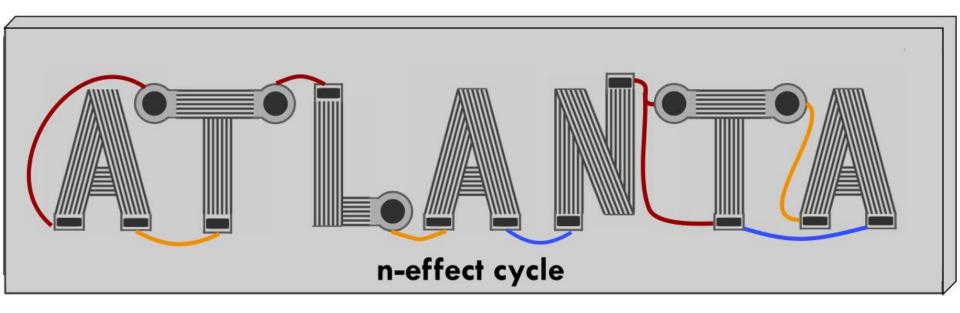
- With increasing electrification, less low-grade thermal energy is available
- What role can absorption play in decarbonizing industrial heat?
- Absorption heat pump thermal storage
  - Easily stores energy intermittently
  - Cannot easily store low-grade heat
- Absorption heat transformer thermal storage
  - Can upgrade low-grade heat to useful temperature
  - Requires constant waste energy source for charging and discharging



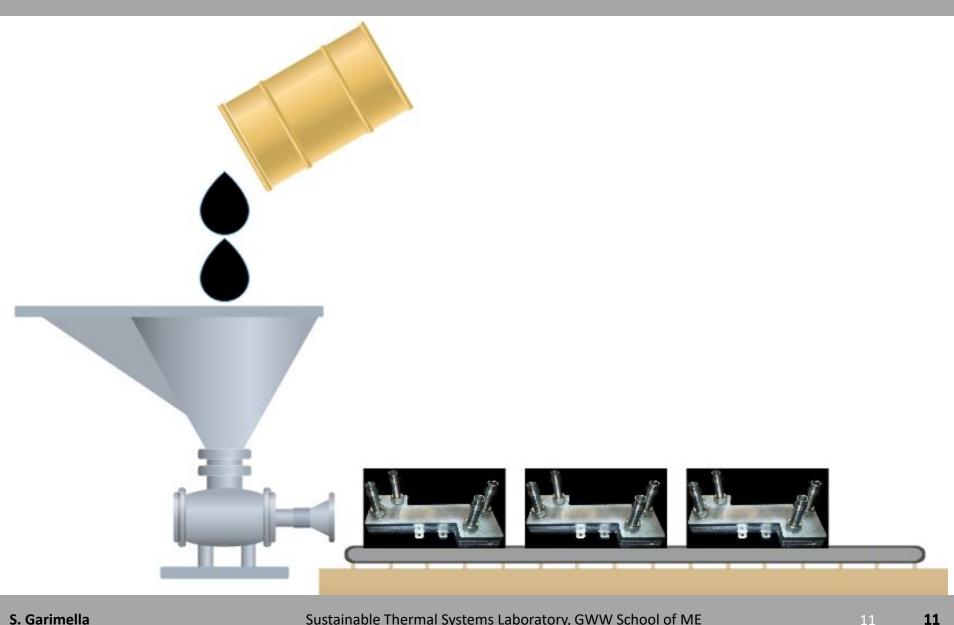
Ding and Wu (2022)

### 6a. Additive Manufacturing, 3D Printing

• "Print" whatever cycle you want



### 6b. Pour in Raw Materials, Churn out Heat Pumps



### The ultimate solution: Just ask ChatGPT

- There one was a fridge with no compressor
- It used heat and a pair of fluids lesser
- It absorbed the vapor
- With no noise or labor
- And kept the food cold with no pressure